

国家科学数字图书馆 第三方数字资源长期保存政策建议

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- ❖ 1. Introduction前言
- ❖ 2. Current status for d-resources数字资源状态
- ❖ 3. Preservation policy needs长期保存政策需求
- ❖ 4. Suggested policies政策建议
- ❖ 5. Current actions &issues当前行动与问题



1. Introduction

- Chinese National Science Digital Library (CSDL)
 - Serving
 - ♦ 80+ research institutions in 20+ cities
 - Researchers/students in basic sciences and hi-tech fields

Providing

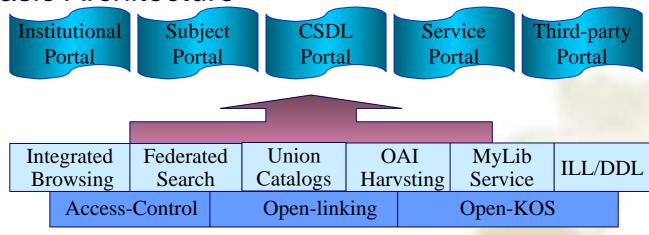
- A collaborative digital resource system
- An integrated digital service platform
- A cooperative information service system
- Project Implementation
 - From 2001-2005, with plans to extend to 2010
 - Jointly developed by the central lib, 4 regional libs, 80+ institutional libs, and other partners



1. Introduction

Chinese National Science Digital Library (CSDL)

Basic Architecture





China-European Workshop on Digital Preservation



1. Introduction

- Chinese National Science Digital Library (CSDL)
 - Digital Resource Development
 - Licensed Full-text Databases
 - Journals, books, reference works, dissertations, etc.
 - Licensed A/I Databases
 - Journals, conferences, patents, dissertations, citations, etc.
 - Self-developed Full-text Databases
 - Special digital resources, CAS dissertations, etc.
 - Self-developed A/I Databases
 - Chinese Scientific Literature Abstracts and Citations systems
 - Union Catalogs, etc.
 - Subject Portals with their resource navigation systems



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(1) Licensed digital resources

Type of database	Number of database	Number of Titles
Full-text e-journal non-Chinese	10	about 3000
Full-text e-journal in Chinese	1	over 9000
E-book or E-dissertation non- Chinese	4	about 50000
E-book in Chinese	1	over 25000
Factual databases	3	Over 900 volumes
Reference databases (abstracts and index)	11	



- (2) Access arrangements
 - Local CAS mirror sites
 - Remote Chinese mirror sites
 - Remote third-party mirror sites, in the country or outside, contracted by the content providers
 - Remote host sites operated by the content providers



- (3) Challenges to sustainable access
 - To most licensed resources CSDL only purchases the right of access (with some promises about "sustainable access")
 - When the contract expires, CSDL's rights to the purchased resources are not reliably guaranteed and supported
 - Outright unable to access, extra payment needed to access, old system or limited functions, etc.
 - During the course of contract, failures threaten access
 - natural disasters, disastrous malfunction, business or legal failures, war, political or international problems, etc.



- (4) Current preservation arrangements
 - Contractual requirements policies
 - Contractual promises from most content providers for "sustainable access"
 - Raw data discs for most A/I providers
 - Some supporting systems from some A/I providers



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3. Preservation policy needs

(1) Objectives of CSDL digital preservation policies

- Ensure sustainable access to the resources and their integral services
- Ensure the resources reliably become integral parts in the CSDL/CAS information resource system
- Fulfill CSDL's duty as a National Library of Sciences in the NSTL and contribute to the sustainability of the national S&T information resource system
- Ensure the legal reliability, cost effectiveness, and operational manageability of CSDL preservation efforts



3. Preservation policy needs

- (2) Factors to be considered
 - What should be preserved?
 - Use value and Strategic Value of the resources
 - Un-replacebility of the resources or the access channels
 - Legal feasibility
 - **⋖** Who will preserve the resources?
 - Unique purchaser?
 - Collaborative purchasers and collaborative responsibilities?
 - Legal requirements?
 - Competency and reliability?
 - Authorization feasibility?
 - How to preserve the resources
 - Content, systems, rights, management, financial support, etc.



3. Preservation policy needs

(3) General guidelines for CSDL

- CSDL should develop its digital preservation strategy and policies
- CSDL should integrate its preservation strategy into its overall resource development planning, and into the administration of resource evaluation, contract & rights management, system development, and financial planning
- CSDL should strive to preserve those strategically important research digital resources even though they have print backups
- CSDL should target those unique, uniquely accessed, or uniquely acquired digital resources as its preservation priorities
- CSDL should place its preservation effort on sound legal basis
- CSDL should support cooperative preservation by NSTL, NLC, CALIS, and should support its own cooperative preservation responsibilities
- CSDL should encourage publishers and other third- parties to carry out preservation test, but as back-up services for the time-being
- CSDL should continually refresh or upgrade its digital preservation strategy and related management practices



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(1) General Policies for preservation modes

Preserving the intergraded usage environment

- Preserve the data (bit stream)
- Preserve the information for effective use of the data (i.e., formats, processing info)
- Preserve the use environment (i.e., software, linking mechanism, running systems)
- Try to preserve management info of data and use environment (i.e., authentication, rights management, KOS)

Preserving the integrated application system

- Require dark archive(only pre-formatted data) for all
- Require Semi-Dark Archive (data with usability and integrity checking) for all
- Light Archive (data and application systems) for A/I databases



(2) Acquisition policies for preservation

- Providers fully recognize CSDL's rights for sustainable access
- Providers timely provide perpetual copies, or grant preservation rights for the data in CAS local mirror sites
- Providers timely provide full info on data format, database structure, indexing and retrieval methods, as well as technical processing methods needed for normal services
- When a contract terminates, the providers permit CSDL's continual usage of the purchased resources including related services
- When market failure occurs, CSDL automatically assumes the rights to provide online access using the perpetual copies within the specified range of the original contract
- CSDL promises to protect the appropriate legal rights of the providers
- CSDL must realize those requirements through legally binding documents



(3) Technological policies for preservation

- CSDL should develop its own digital preservation technology systems based on collaborative effort with other major partners
- CSDL must adopt open standards for constructing preservation systems and for managing preservation processes
- CSDL should secure its rights and abilities to preserve necessary software for data management, retrieval, and related services
- CSDL should establish a sound rights management mechanism for preservation of digital resources
- CSDL should conduct research on distributed preservation mechanisms



(4) Management policies for preservation

- Establish a normative process for selecting, appraising, authorizing, and re-evaluating trusted repository operators
- Establish back-up mechanisms for preservation based on crisismanagement approach
- Specify, in details and in legal terms, the responsibilities, obligations, and rights of those involved in the whole preservation life cycle
- Establish active and reliable cooperation mechanisms for digital preservation



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5 Current actions & issues

(1) Current actions

- CSDL has signed an agreement with a domestic fulltext database provider for granting CSDL rights for perpetual usage of the data in the CAS local mirror sites
- CSDL has put into the contract with most A/I database providers for them to supply the backup data by CD-ROM which can be used when contract terminates
- CSDL has agreements with some A/I providers to provide raw retrospective data in CD-ROM while subscribing its web database
- CSDL has agreement with one A/I provider for its provision of an intranet-based parallel service system
- Most full-text providers agree on the needs and rights of CSDL for sustainable access, but hesitate on concrete means



5 Current actions & issues

(2) Urgent issues

- Systematic strategy, action plans, and management mechanisms are not yet in place
- Technological know-how is in urgent need and technical systems are to be built
- Effective cooperative preservation strategies and reliable responsibility systems remains to be established
- Effective strategies and mechanisms for preserving selfdeveloped and web resources are to be worked out
- Reliable and effective mechanisms and process management are needed for verification, preservation, and service provision of already owned perpetual copies
- Some providers are still evading their responsibilities to support preservation and sustainable access



5 Current actions & issues

(3) Open call for cooperation

- A Chinese strategy group to investigate a national strategy for preserving S&T digital resources, especially the licensed ones
- A Chinese round table to share and coordinate the policies, best practices, and issues in preserving the licensed digital resources
- An international cooperation mechanism to exchange knowledge and information, and to provide advanced training and advices, in digital preservation
- CSDL and LCAS is open to ideas and actions!



Thanks!